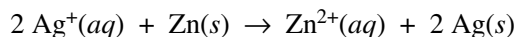


2002 AP[®] CHEMISTRY FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

Answer EITHER Question 2 below OR Question 3 printed on page 8. Only one of these two questions will be graded. If you start both questions, be sure to cross out the question you do not want graded. The Section II score weighting for the question you choose is 20 percent.

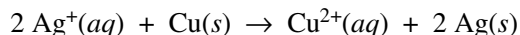
2. Answer parts (a) through (e) below, which relate to reactions involving silver ion, Ag^+ .

The reaction between silver ion and solid zinc is represented by the following equation.



- (a) A 1.50 g sample of Zn is combined with 250. mL of 0.110 M AgNO_3 at 25°C .
- (i) Identify the limiting reactant. Show calculations to support your answer.
 - (ii) On the basis of the limiting reactant that you identified in part (i), determine the value of $[\text{Zn}^{2+}]$ after the reaction is complete. Assume that volume change is negligible.
- (b) Determine the value of the standard potential, E° , for a galvanic cell based on the reaction between $\text{AgNO}_3(aq)$ and solid Zn at 25°C .

Another galvanic cell is based on the reaction between $\text{Ag}^+(aq)$ and $\text{Cu}(s)$, represented by the equation below. At 25°C , the standard potential, E° , for the cell is 0.46 V.



- (c) Determine the value of the standard free-energy change, ΔG° , for the reaction between $\text{Ag}^+(aq)$ and $\text{Cu}(s)$ at 25°C .
- (d) The cell is constructed so that $[\text{Cu}^{2+}]$ is 0.045 M and $[\text{Ag}^+]$ is 0.010 M . Calculate the value of the potential, E , for the cell.
- (e) Under the conditions specified in part (d), is the reaction in the cell spontaneous? Justify your answer.