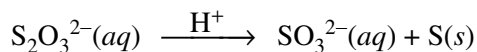
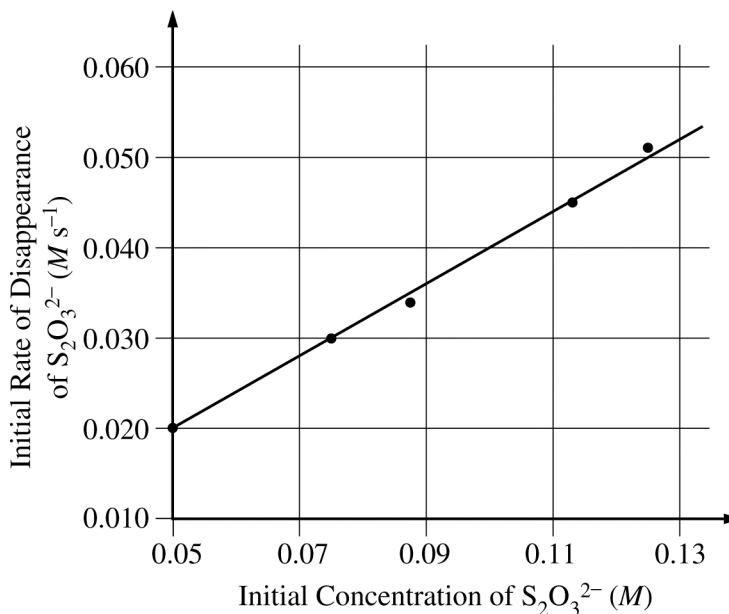


2009 AP<sup>®</sup> CHEMISTRY FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS (Form B)



2. A student performed an experiment to investigate the decomposition of sodium thiosulfate,  $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ , in acidic solution, as represented by the equation above. In each trial the student mixed a different concentration of sodium thiosulfate with hydrochloric acid at constant temperature and determined the rate of disappearance of  $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$ . Data from five trials are given below in the table on the left and are plotted in the graph on the right.

Trial	Initial Concentration of $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$ (M)	Initial Rate of Disappearance of $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$ ( $\text{M s}^{-1}$ )
1	0.050	0.020
2	0.075	0.030
3	0.088	0.034
4	0.112	0.045
5	0.125	0.051



- Identify the independent variable in the experiment.
- Determine the order of the reaction with respect to  $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$ . Justify your answer by using the information above.
- Determine the value of the rate constant,  $k$ , for the reaction. Include units in your answer. Show how you arrived at your answer.
- In another trial the student mixed  $0.10 \text{ M}$   $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$  with hydrochloric acid. Calculate the amount of time it would take for the concentration of  $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$  to drop to  $0.020 \text{ M}$ .
- On the graph above, sketch the line that shows the results that would be expected if the student repeated the five trials at a temperature lower than that during the first set of trials.