2010 AP® CHEMISTRY FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

$$8 \text{ H}^+(aq) + 4 \text{ Cl}^-(aq) + \text{MnO}_4^-(aq) \rightarrow 2 \text{ Cl}_2(g) + \text{Mn}^{3+}(aq) + 4 \text{ H}_2\text{O}(l)$$

- 3. $Cl_2(g)$ can be generated in the laboratory by reacting potassium permanganate with an acidified solution of sodium chloride. The net-ionic equation for the reaction is given above.
 - (a) A 25.00 mL sample of 0.250 M NaCl reacts completely with excess KMnO₄(aq). The Cl₂(g) produced is dried and stored in a sealed container. At 22°C the pressure of the Cl₂(g) in the container is 0.950 atm.
 - (i) Calculate the number of moles of $Cl^-(aq)$ present before any reaction occurs.
 - (ii) Calculate the volume, in L, of the $Cl_2(g)$ in the sealed container.

An initial-rate study was performed on the reaction system. Data for the experiment are given in the table below.

Trial	[Cl ⁻]	$[MnO_4^{-}]$	[H ⁺]	Rate of Disappearance of MnO_4^- in $M s^{-1}$
1	0.0104	0.00400	3.00	2.25×10^{-8}
2	0.0312	0.00400	3.00	2.03×10^{-7}
3	0.0312	0.00200	3.00	1.02×10^{-7}

- (b) Using the information in the table, determine the order of the reaction with respect to each of the following. Justify your answers.
 - (i) Cl-
 - (ii) MnO_{Δ}^{-}
- (c) The reaction is known to be third order with respect to H⁺. Using this information and your answers to part (b) above, complete both of the following:
 - (i) Write the rate law for the reaction.
 - (ii) Calculate the value of the rate constant, k, for the reaction, including appropriate units.
- (d) Is it likely that the reaction occurs in a single elementary step? Justify your answer.

STOP

If you finish before time is called, you may check your work on this part only.

Do not turn to the other part of the test until you are told to do so.